

Tour Code: MGFT

Majestic Gujarat Fixed Tour - 7 D / 6 N

Departure: 2025: 20th Jan, 24th Feb, 24th Mar, 17th April, 14th May, 12th June, 10th July, 14th Aug, 03rd & 28th Sep, 27th Oct, 30th Nov & 11th Dec,
2026: 22nd Jan 25th Feb & 26th Mar (11:00 Hrs.)

Return: 7th Day (18:00 Hrs.)

Holiday Category: Fixed Departure

States: Gujarat

ITINERARY

DAY 1 (11:00 Hrs): AHMEDABAD LOCAL

Report at Hotel in Ahmedabad by 11:00 AM. Meet our Representative and check into the Hotel and After Freshen Up, Proceed to Gujarat tour packages by visiting Sabarmati Ashram, Akshardham Temple.

Meals: Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Ahmedabad

DAY 2: AHMEDABAD – DWARKA

After Breakfast, proceed to Dwarka. (440 Kms / 9.5 Hrs). Late Evening check in Hotel, Dinner, Overnight stay

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Dwarka

DAY 3: DWARKA - BET DWARKA - DWARKA

Morning have a Breakfast then proceed to Local visit Shri Nageshwara Temple, (One of Jyothirlingas) Gopi Talab, Bet Dwarka (Panch Dwarka), Rukmini Temple. Gujarat tour packages also include Evening visit Dwarakadish Temple (Panch Dwarka), Overnight stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Dwarka

DAY 4: DWARKA - PORBANDAR – SOMNATH

After Breakfast, check out the hotel, and Proceed to Porbandar (105 KMS / 2.5 Hrs), visit Birth place of Mahatma Gandhi (Kriti Mandir), Sudhama Temple, Later on Drive to Somnath (135 kms / 3Hrs). Upon arrival, visit Somnath Temple Darshan, (One of Jyothirlingas), Check in to the Hotel. Overnight stay. There is more to see in the Gujarat tour package.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Somnath

DAY 5: SOMNATH – BHAVNAGAR

Morning After Breakfast, Gujarat tourism package move towards Bhavnagar (300 KMS / 7 Hrs). Afternoon visit Nishkalank Mahadev Temple (This temple is submerged during high tides in the sea and emerges during low tides to reveal itself majestically, promising its devotees to wash away all sins). Overnight stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Bhavnagar

DAY 6: BHAVNAGAR – VADODARA

After Breakfast, check out from Hotel, depart for Dakor Temple (200 Kms / 2 hrs) (One of Panch Dwarka). Proceed to Vadodara (70 Kms/ 3 Hrs), Overnight Stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Vadodara

DAY 7: VADODARA - STATUE OF UNITY – AHMEDABAD

Early Morning After Breakfast, proceed to visit Statue of Unity (90 KMS / 2 Hrs) Afternoon Proceed to Ahmedabad (350 kms / 8 Hrs) . to board the Return Flight. Hope you enjoy this Gujarat tour package.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch
Night Stay: Tour concludes here...

Tour Price

Apr-2025 To Mar-2026	
Category	AC
Adult on Twin Sharing	27,599/-
Adult on Triple Sharing	26,599/-
Child(5-11)Without Bed	25,299/-
Single Adult In a Room	36,799/-

Note: GST @5.00% applicable.

PLACES COVERED

Ahmedabad



Situated on the banks of the river Sabarmati, Ahmedabad is one of the most important cities in Western India. Ahmedabad is believed to have been inhabited from the beginning of the 11th century. It was named Ahmedabad by Sultan Ahmed Shah who fortified the city in 1411. Ahmedabad is now an important education and textile hub of the country. Some of the important tourist destinations in Ahmedabad are the walled city and gates, Rani no Hajiro, Badshah no Hajiro, The Adalaj Stepwell, Vehaar Utensils Museum, Folk Museum, Hussain Doshi's Gufa, Sardar Patel Museum and Kankaria Lake.

Dwarka



Dwarka lies in the westernmost part of India. It is one of the seven sacred cities known as the Mokshada, meaning 'Bestower of Liberation' and one of the Four Dhams. According to Hindu mythology, the city of Dwarka was built by Lord Vishwakarma himself on the orders of Lord Krishna. However, it is believed that Dwarka has submerged into the ocean six times and the modern Dwarka is the seventh city. Archaeological excavations in Dwarka region have confirmed the existence of a metropolitan city in the past now submerged into the sea. The major attractions in Dwarka include the famous Dwarakadhish Temple, Jagatmandir temple, Sharada Peetha, and The Nageshwar Mahadev.

Dakor



The present temple was constructed by Shri Gopalrao Jagannath Tambwekar in 1772 A.D. at the cost of rupees one lakh. It was built with brick walls and stone pillars. It is raised on a high plinth of 168 feet by 151 feet with twelve stone steps on each side and surrounded by a spacious courtyard. It has eight domes and twenty four turrets, the highest of them being 90 feet making it the tallest temple in the district. The main gate of the temple overlooks the (now crowded) banks of the lake Gomati. Silver gates are protected by the Vedic Gods - Lord Ganesha, Sun, Moon, etc beautifully carved in high relief. The gate leads into the main courtyard. As tradition would have it, drummers sit atop the main gate in a balcony of their own. The "Nagarkhana" resonates with music during the main darshans and at Aarti times. On entering the courtyard, one sees two tall structures, used to house the thousands of lamps that are lit during the festive season, on either side. Multi-storied and multi-tiered, this type of structure is very typical of medieval Gujarati temple architecture. Back at the front gate, marble stairs lead to the main audience chamber of the temple - the Jagmohan - literally the place where the world is charmed (by the beauty of the Lord). Three large entrances allow devotees to enter the main audience chamber. The large open square structure of the audience chamber is surmounted by an imposing, glittering dome.

Porbandar



The coastal city of Porbandar is best known for being the birth-place of Mahatma Gandhi – The Father of our Nation. On-shore explorations in and around Porbandar has revealed settlements dating back to the 16th-14th Century BC. The city has a beautiful beach, known as, Chowpati. Porbandar also has a Bird Sanctuary frequented by Flamingos and a Lion Sanctuary. The other tourist attractions here include the famous Kirti Mandir - birth place of Mahatma Gandhi, Rokhadia Hanuman temple, Sudama Mandir, Sandipani Vidysniketan, Gita Mandir and Bharat Mandir.

Palitana



During the British Raj, Palitana was a princely state in the Kathiawar Agency of the Bombay presidency. Gross revenue, £42,000; tribute jointly to the Gaekwar of Baroda and the Nawab of Junagadh, £700. The capital of the state was the Palitana town (population 12,800). It was ruled by a Gohil Rajput, with the title of Thakore sahib (also spelled Thakor Saheb or Thakur Sahib), enjoying a 9-guns salute, of the Hindu Gohil dynasty, which received a privy purse of 180,000 rupees at the state's accession to independent India on 15 February 1948.

Bhavnagar



The Gohil Rajput of the Suryavanshi clan faced severe competition in Marwar. Around 1260 AD, they moved down to the Gujarat coast and established three capitals; Sejakpur, Umrala and Sihor. The old town of Bhavnagar was a fortified town with gates leading to other important regional towns. It remained a major port for almost two centuries, trading commodities with Mozambique, Zanzibar, Singapore, and the Persian Gulf. The current Royal Family of Bhavnagar comprises Maharaja Vijayraj Singh Gohil and Maharani Samyukta Kumari, Prince Yuvraj Jaiveerraj Singh Gohil and Princess Brijeshwari Kumari Gohil.

Bet Dwarka



Bet Dwarka or Shankhodhar is an inhabited island at mouth of Gulf of Kutch situated 3 km (2 mi) off the coast of Okha, Gujarat, India. The island is measured northwest to southeast in 13 km (8 mi) with an average 4 km (2 mi) in east-west direction. It is a strip of sand and stone situated 30 km (19 mi) north of town of Dwarka.

Somnath



The Somnath temple located in Prabhas Patan near Veraval in Saurashtra on the western coast of Gujarat, India, is the first among the twelve Jyotirlinga shrines of Shiva. It is an important pilgrimage and tourist spot. The temple is considered sacred due to the various legends connected to it. Somnath means "Lord of the Soma", an epithet of Shiva.

Statue of Unity



The Statue of Unity is a colossal statue of Indian statesman and independence activist Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (1875–1950) who was the first Home minister of India; highly respected for his leadership in uniting the 562 princely states of India to form the single large Union of India. It is located in the state of Gujarat, India. It is the world's tallest statue with a height of 182 metres (597 ft). It is located on a river island facing the Sardar Sarovar Dam on river Narmada in Kevadiya colony, 100 kilometres (62 mi) southeast of the city of Vadodara.

TOUR INFO

Payment Term

- You can pay by Cash/ Cheque / Demand Draft / Debit Card / Credit Card/ Internet Banking /NEFT/ Demand draft & Bank Transfer favoring Southern Travels Pvt Ltd

Tour Requirements

- For Adults - Photo identification in the form of Voters ID / Passport / Aadhar Card / Driving Licence / Ration card
- For students - Photo identification in the form of Passport / Aadhar Card / PAN card Carry original as well as 2 photocopies of school or college Photo Identity card
- For Infants - Carry 2 passport sized photographs

Things to Carry

- Mobile phone with appropriate sim card
- Along with your necessary clothing and toiletries carry sun screen lotion, hand sanitizer, sun glasses, cap, sports shoes, umbrella / windcheater, camera etc. and woollens if needed
- If you are on any medication, carry sufficient stock of the medicines with prescription

Weather

- For detailed Information about weather kindly visit www.accuweather.com

Shopping

- Shawls, sarees, suits, pashminas, sweaters, leather jackets, bags, purses, walnut, almonds, apricots, saffron and various other dry fruits etc.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

<https://www.southerntravelsindia.com/Terms-Conditions.aspx>