

Tour Code: UIGFT

Gujarat With Ujjain And Omkareshwar - 10 D / 9 N

Departure: 2025: 20th Jan, 24th Feb, 24th Mar, 17th April, 14th May, 12th June, 10th July, 14th Aug, 03rd & 28th Sep, 27th Oct, 30th Nov & 11th Dec,
2026: 22nd Jan 25th Feb & 26th Mar (11:00 Hrs.)

Return: 10th Day (18:00 Hrs.)

Holiday Category: Fixed Departure

States: Gujarat

ITINERARY

DAY 1 (11:00 Hrs): AHMEDABAD LOCAL

Report at Hotel in Ahmedabad by 11:00 AM. Meet our Representative and check into the Hotel and After Freshen Up, Proceed to Gujarat tour packages by visiting Sabarmati Ashram, Akshardham Temple.

Meals: Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Ahmedabad

DAY 2: AHMEDABAD – DWARKA

After Breakfast, proceed to Dwarka. (440 Kms / 9.5 Hrs). Late Evening check in Hotel, Dinner, Overnight stay

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Dwarka

DAY 3: DWARKA - BET DWARKA - DWARKA

Morning have a Breakfast then proceed to Local visit Shri Nageshwara Temple, (One of Jyothirlingas) Gopi Talab, Bet Dwarka (Panch Dwarka), Rukmini Temple. Gujarat tour packages also include Evening visit Dwarakadish Temple (Panch Dwarka), Overnight stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Dwarka

DAY 4: DWARKA - PORBANDAR – SOMNATH

After Breakfast, check out the hotel, and Proceed to Porbandar (105 KMS / 2.5 Hrs), visit Birth place of Mahatma Gandhi (Kriti Mandir), Sudhama Temple, Later on Drive to Somnath (135 kms / 3Hrs). Upon arrival, visit Somnath Temple Darshan, (One of Jyothirlingas), Check in to the Hotel. Overnight stay. There is more to see in the Gujarat tour package.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Somnath

DAY 5: SOMNATH – BHAVNAGAR

Morning After Breakfast, Gujarat tourism package move towards Bhavnagar (300 KMS / 7 Hrs). Afternoon visit Nishkalank Mahadev Temple (This temple is submerged during high tides in the sea and emerges during low tides to reveal itself majestically, promising its devotees to wash away all sins). Overnight stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Bhavnagar

DAY 6: BHAVNAGAR – VADODARA

After Breakfast, check out from Hotel, depart for Dakor Temple (200 Kms / 2 hrs) (One of Panch Dwarka). Proceed to Vadodara (70 Kms/ 3 Hrs), Overnight Stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Vadodara

DAY 7: VADODARA - STATUE OF UNITY – INDORE

Early Morning After Breakfast, proceed to visit Statue of Unity (90 KMS / 2 Hrs). Afternoon Proceed to Indore (320 kms / 7 Hrs). Overnight stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Indore

DAY 8: INDORE-OMKARESWAR-MAHESHWAR-INDORE

After breakfast proceed to Omkareshwar (90 Kms. / 2 Hrs.) to visit Omkareshwar + Mamleshwar Temple (one of the Twelve Jyothirlingas, is the most famous and vanerated Shiva Temple). Later drive to Maheshwar (70 Kms. / 2hrs) visit famous Raja Rajeshwari Temple and Ahalya Fort near Narmada River and later then Gujarat tour package proceed to Indore (80 Kms. / 2 hrs).

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Indore

DAY 9: INDORE-UJJAIN

After breakfast check out from the hotel, proceed to Annapurna Temple and Khajrana Ganesh Temple at Indore. Later proceed to Ujjain (60Kms / 2Hrs) Situated on the banks of the sacred river Shipra. Later, Mahakaleshwar Temple (one of the Twelve Jyotirlingas, is the most famous and vanerated Shiva Temple), Bade Ganeshji Ka Mandir, Sandeep Mahaamuni Ashram (Where Lord Krishna was educated with Balrama and Sudama from Maharshi Sandipani), Bhartrihari Caves, Mahakaleshwar Shaktipeeth, Kaal Bhairav Mandir (The Kal Bhairav Temple is popular for its alcohol consuming deity. Hundreds of devotees offer liquor as an offering to the deity, which the priest offers to it through a slit in the mouth) . Later Evening proceeds to Visit Mahakal Corridor (The corridor has around 200 statues ,108 Pillars and it is spread along the Rudra Sagar Lake with a total of eight forms of Lord Shiva available for Mahakal Lok Darshana). Later Back to the Hotel and Overnight stay.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner
Night Stay: Ujjain

DAY 10: UJJAIN –INDORE

After breakfast, check out from the hotel and proceed to Indore (60Kms/2 Hrs). In the afternoon, Drop at Indore Airport / Railway station.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch
Tour concludes here...

Tour Price

	Apr-2025 To Mar-2026
Category	AC
Adult on Twin Sharing	39,999/-
Adult on Triple Sharing	37,999/-
Child(5-11)Without Bed	36,099/-
Single Adult In a Room	52,899/-

Note: GST @5.00% applicable.

PLACES COVERED

Ahmedabad



Situated on the banks of the river Sabarmati, Ahmedabad is one of the most important cities in Western India. Ahmedabad is believed to have been inhabited from the beginning of the 11th century. It was named Ahmedabad by Sultan Ahmed Shah who fortified the city in 1411. Ahmedabad is now an important education and textile hub of the country. Some of the important tourist destinations in Ahmedabad are the walled city and gates, Rani no Hajiro, Badshah no Hajiro, The Adalaj Stepwell, Vechaar Utensils Museum, Folk Museum, Hussain Doshi's Gufa, Sardar Patel Museum and Kankaria Lake.

Dwarka



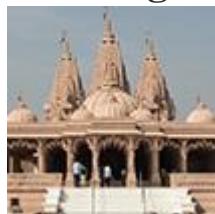
Dwarka lies in the westernmost part of India. It is one of the seven sacred cities known as the Mokshada, meaning 'Bestower of Liberation' and one of the Four Dhams. According to Hindu mythology, the city of Dwarka was built by Lord Vishwakarma himself on the orders of Lord Krishna. However, it is believed the Dwarka has submerged into the ocean six times and the modern Dwarka is the seventh city. Archaeological excavations in Dwarka region have confirmed the existence of a metropolitan city in the past now submerged into the sea. The major attractions in Dwarka include the famous Dwarakadhish Temple, Jagatmandir temple, Sharada Peetha, and The Nageshwar Mahadev.

Porbandar



The coastal city of Porbandar is best known for being the birth-place of Mahatma Gandhi – The Father of our Nation. On-shore explorations in and around Porbandar has revealed settlements dating back to the 16th-14th Century BC. The city has a beautiful beach, known as, Chowpati. Porbandar also has a Bird Sanctuary frequented by Flamingos and a Lion Sanctuary. The other tourist attractions here include the famous Kirti Mandir - birth place of Mahatma Gandhi, Rokhadia Hanuman temple, Sudama Mandir, Sandipani Vidysniketan, Gita Mandir and Bharat Mandir.

Bhavnagar



The Gohil Rajput of the Suryavanshi clan faced severe competition in Marwar. Around 1260 AD, they moved down to the Gujarat coast and established three capitals; Sejakpur, Umrala and Sihor. The old town of Bhavnagar was a fortified town with gates leading to other important regional towns. It remained a major port for almost two centuries, trading commodities with Mozambique, Zanzibar, Singapore, and the Persian Gulf. The current Royal Family of Bhavnagar comprises Maharaja Vijayraj Singh Gohil and Maharani Samyukta Kumari, Prince Yuvraj Jaiveerraj Singh Gohil and Princess Brijeshwari Kumari Gohil.

Vadodara



Vadodara, which used to be known as Baroda, is the third largest city in the Western Indian State of Gujarat, after Ahmedabad and Surat. It is the administrative headquarters of Vadodara District and is located on the banks of the Vishwamitri river, southeast of Ahmedabad, 139 kilometres (86 mi) from the state capital Gandhinagar. The railway line and NH 8 that connect Delhi and Mumbai pass through Vadodara. The first recorded history of the city is that of the early trader settlers who settled in the region in 812 AD. The province was mainly Hindu-dominated with Hindu kings ruling until 1297. The Gupta Empire was the first power in the region in the early years of the Christian Era. After fierce battles, the region was taken over by the Chalukya Dynasty.

Statue of Unity



The Statue of Unity is a colossal statue of Indian statesman and independence activist Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (1875–1950) who was the first Home minister of India; highly respected for his leadership in uniting the 562 princely states of India to form the single large Union of India. It is located in the state of Gujarat, India. It is the world's tallest statue with a height of 182 metres (597 ft). It is located on a river island facing the Sardar Sarovar Dam on river Narmada in Kevadiya colony, 100 kilometres (62 mi) southeast of the city of Vadodara.

Maheshwar



Maheshwar is located 13 km east of National Highway 3 and 91 km from Indore, the commercial capital of the Madhya Pradesh. The town lies on the north bank of the Narmada River and was the capital of the 'Holkar' clan of the Maratha Confederacy till they acceded to the Union of India. The name Maheshwar comes from Mahesh, Lord Shiva, which means in Hindi abode of Lord Mahesh. Maheshwar town is built on the site of the ancient city of Somvanshya Shastrarjun Kshatriya, and was the capital of King Kartavirya Arjuna.

Indore



Indore traces its roots to its 16th century founding as a trading hub between the Deccan and Delhi. The city and its surroundings came under Maratha Empire on 18 May 1724 after Maratha Peshwa Baji Rao I assumed the full control of Malwa. During the days of the British Raj, Indore State was a 19 Gun Salute (21 locally) princely state (a rare high rank) ruled by the Maratha Holkar dynasty, until they acceded to the Union of India. Indore served as the capital of the Madhya Bharat from 1950 until 1956. Indore's financial district, anchored by central Indore, functions as the financial capital of the Madhya Pradesh and is home to the Madhya Pradesh Stock Exchange, India's third oldest stock exchange. Indore's real estate market is among the most expensive in Central India.

Ujjain



Also known as Ujjayini, Ujjain is an ancient city of Malwa in central India, on the eastern bank of the Kshipra River. In ancient times the city was called Ujjayini as mentioned in the Mahabharata epic. Ujjayini was the capital of the Avanti Kingdom, and has been the Prime Meridian for Hindus since the 4th century BCE. Ujjain is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus and one of the four sites that host the Kumbh Mela, a mass pilgrimage that attracts millions of Hindu pilgrims from around the country. It is also home to the Mahakaleshwar Jyotirlinga, Jyotirlinga shrines to the god Shiva.

Omkareshwar



Omkareshwar is a Hindu temple dedicated to God Shiva, is one of the 12 revered Jyotirlinga shrines of Shiva. It is on an island called Mandhata in the Narmada River. The shape of the island is said to be like the Hindu symbol. There are two temples here, one to Omkareshwar and one to Amareswar whose name means "Immortal lord" or "lord of the Immortals or Devas". As per Shiv Mahapuran, once Brahma and Vishnu had an argument in terms of supremacy. To examine them, Shiva pierced the three worlds as a huge endless pillar of light, the jyotirlinga.

TOUR INFO

Payment Term

- You can pay by Cash/ Cheque / Demand Draft / Debit Card / Credit Card/ Internet Banking /NEFT/ Demand draft & Bank Transfer favoring Southern Travels Pvt Ltd

Tour Requirements

- For Adults - Photo identification in the form of Voters ID / Passport / Aadhar Card / Driving Licence / Ration card
- For students - Photo identification in the form of Passport / Aadhar Card / PAN card Carry original as well as 2 photocopies of school or college Photo Identity card
- For Infants - Carry 2 passport sized photographs

Things to Carry

- Mobile phone with appropriate sim card
- Along with your necessary clothing and toiletries carry sun screen lotion, hand sanitizer, sun glasses, cap, sports shoes, umbrella / windcheater, camera etc. and woollens if needed
- If you are on any medication, carry sufficient stock of the medicines with prescription

Weather

- For detailed Information about weather kindly visit www.accuweather.com

Shopping

- Shawls, sarees, suits, pashminas, sweaters, leather jackets, bags, purses, walnut, almonds, apricots, saffron and various other dry fruits etc.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

<https://www.southerntravelsindia.com/Terms-Conditions.aspx>